

"BANK CLOSED."

PAYMENT OF CHECKS SUSPENDED.  
The "Bank" on the City or Bank Complex it is  
Gloss Business and Marks an Assignment  
—The History of the Troubles  
The Depositor, Etc., Etc.

At about half-past ten o'clock the city was  
announced by the announcement that the  
Citizen's bank had suspended payment.

At ten minutes to eleven a statement was  
posted on the door of the bank announcing  
that an assignment of its effects had been  
made to Messrs. W. S. Thompson, of the  
firm of Candler & Thompson, and Mr. L. J.  
Hill, cashier of the Gate City national bank.  
With this the doors were formally closed  
and the business of the bank was stopped.

#### The Details of the Failure.

There is no suspicion on the outside that anything was wrong with the bank even up to the hour of opening on yesterday. Almost immediately after this, however, it was made known that what continued up to nearly eleven o'clock when Mr. Leonard, the teller, announced to Mr. J. C. Candler, his congressmen from Georgia, that he had received a check for a sum of \$800 that he presented from Mr. D. N. Speer, the state treasurer. After making this statement the sign "Bank Closed" was put on the door. They were, however, cross-examined. There were several customers who came in and made deposits, supposing that the sign had been misplaced. Mr. Patterson, the attorney in connection with the case, and his attorney in the bank, the officers confined to receive deposits offered without, however, putting them into the bank, but into envelopes to be returned to the owners. The sign "Bank Closed" by Mr. Hill was put on in certain envelopes held for the owners. They took this course rather than speak of the trouble until they were authorized to do so. No deposits were taken on yesterday for the bank.

#### THE CAUSE OF THE TROUBLE.

The immediate cause of the "Bank" on the Citizen's bank was, as we learned, that its exchange checks were withdrawn by the Merchants' National Bank, New York, on Saturday morning.

The first intimation that there was something amiss with the Citizen's bank came in a telegram received at about 9 o'clock on Tuesday night by Mr. Irvin Bird, who had sent on \$9,000 exchange, purchased from the Citizens' bank, to Mr. Leonard, his attorney in the case. Mr. Leonard, however, could not make out what the sign had been misplaced. Mr. Patterson, the attorney in the bank, the officers confined to receive deposits offered without, however, putting them into the bank, but into envelopes to be returned to the owners. The sign "Bank Closed" by Mr. Hill was put on in certain envelopes held for the owners. They took this course rather than speak of the trouble until they were authorized to do so. No deposits were taken on yesterday for the bank.

#### AN EXCITING SCENE

VOL. XIII.

ATLANTA, GA., THURSDAY MORNING, APRIL 14, 1881.

NO. 258

SOME IMPORTANT QUESTIONS ANSWERED.

The sudden and unexpected failure of the bank, having a run of deposits in active business, amounting to something between \$10,000 and \$15,000, has caused the amount of loss to be \$75,000, known to be due to the state, the city and large corporations — leaving the loss to individual stockholders between \$6000 and \$10,000.

There are known individual losses show up more than will cause a suspension of business in trade circles, and we apprehend that there will be many more reported than have been published or diminished since they were investigated — for instance, it was reported that Mr. George W. Lowry had lost \$10,000. While Mr. Harrison is in Florida and cannot speak fully, his friends say that his loss cannot possibly amount to more than a few hundred dollars and that there is little exaggeration in regard to the amount of his loss.

See if it is true that the bank money and B who has a balance in the bank has given him a check before the failure, but which check has not been cashed? We are told that the bank money and B who has a balance in the bank has given him a check before the failure, but which check has not been cashed? We are told that the bank money and B who has a balance in the bank has given him a check before the failure, but which check has not been cashed? We are told that the bank money and B who has a balance in the bank has given him a check before the failure, but which check has not been cashed?

It cannot be denied that the sign is held to be good, but that it is held to be good, and that what effect any firm or individual has upon the value of the sign is unknown.

It is known that the sign had been mislabeled, and that it was held to be good, We might cite other cases of the same kind.

There are, of course, some cases. Notably, two or three ladies held their heavily, and some persons who were out of business suffered much loss.

Third, if the bank holds a note of A's not yet due, and A has a balance on his account, the bank may be liable to effect any direct business transaction. We know that the bank still had \$6,000, which, however, will not interfere with their business. In using the word "lost," we use it simply in a technical sense, and not in the ordinary sense of the word "lost."

It is known that the bank has now fully aroused, and the scene that ensued battles all description.

The unprejudiced opinion here is that Mr. Hill's conduct was dignified and manly, and that Mr. Mahone's savagery was a mistake and that Dan Cameron made a mistake by leaping up with clenched fist and shouting, "I'll get you."

It is known that Mr. Hill was calmly telling Mr. Mahone that his attempt to hold could not succeed. Mr. Hill has been warmly congratulated on the way in which he met Mr. Mahone's ferocity.

The senator looks deadly than ever. He is not yet, however, out of the woods, and we are told that there are no such clause, and that the assets of the bank are now all available to the creditors.

#### A Late Opinion.

In an interview with a gentleman late last night, we learned the following:

"I am not yet acquainted with the affairs of the bank, but I believe that it will pay dollar for dollar to the creditors, and have a surplus, if not a large one, to be distributed among the stockholders."

After a short silence, Judge Underwood decided that the state had a prior claim. Judge Underwood is quoted as saying that his judgment was based on the fact that his wife had a balance of \$10,000 in the bank.

The bond of \$6,000,000, which had been deposited in conformity with law, is signed below the figure opposite the name of the maximum of taxable property reported to the auditor:

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W. H. Patterson ..... 10,925  
Tommy ..... unknown  
Felix Brown ..... 3,600  
Leonard ..... 4,800  
L. C. Jones ..... 8,400

It is said that Mr. Tommy is worth the sum of the bond himself, and there is no question that the bond is given to him. The auditor, however, has not yet been able to consider the subject in question in secret session.

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Address THE CONSTITUTION, 10 Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

Entered as second-class matter in the Post Office at Atlanta, December 11, 1872.

ATLANTA, GA., APRIL 14, 1861.

SENATOR PENDLETON had the floor yesterday. He discussed the situation with conspicuously boldness, but it was after all worse than a twice-told tale. The mooded conjunction of the session and the weather of December begins to be a probability.

The evacuation of Candahar is going on, and it is to be ended on the 22d inst. It is reported that the great Khan of Cabul and the restive khan of Herat are both marching towards Candahar with a view of testing each other's strength, the prize of victory to be Candahar. The English should be grateful to Mr. Gladstone for placing them in a position to enjoy the conflicts of the rival khans.

The suspension of the Citizens' bank is elsewhere fully explained. It grew out of a condition of things peculiar to the institution whose doors are closed, and no uneasiness is anywhere felt in the city that any trouble of a like nature will spring from it. The banks in every part of the country are well supplied with money, and the city and state were never healthier or more hopeful.

SECRETARY WINDOM hopes that fully \$100,000,000 of the called sixes will be sent in to be stamped as 3% cents. In that case he proposes to redeem the remainder of the sixes with the surplus revenue, which will amount to about \$70,000,000, by the 1st of July. This would leave on his hands \$104,000,000 of 4% on which he could have operations for the refunding of the five. The amount of the last named is \$463,500.

A BULLETIN from the census office shows that nearly one-fifth of the people of this country live below 100 feet, i.e., along the immediate seaboard and in the swampy and alluvial regions of the south; more than two-fifths below 500 feet; more than three-fourths below 1,000 feet, while 97 per cent live below 2,000 feet. In the area below 500 feet nearly all the population is engaged in manufacturing and in the culture of cotton, rice and sugar. The interval between the 500 and 1,500 foot contours comprises the greater part of the plains, which are the granaries of the states of the northwest. East of the ninety-eighth meridian the contour of 1,500 feet is practically the upper limit of population. The population between 2,000 and 5,000 feet is found mainly on the slope of the great western plains. Above 3,000 feet irrigation is almost universally necessary for success in agricultural operations. The extensive settlements at the base of the mountains in Colorado are mainly between 5,000 and 6,000 feet. The population is almost entirely engaged in mining, and the greater part of it is located in Colorado, New Mexico, Nevada, and California. The mean elevation of the population above the sea is about 700 feet. The mean elevation of the surface of the United States has been estimated at 2,600 feet.

**The Tunisian Troubles.**

France is marching into Tunis as an avenger of Colonel Flatters and his exploring party. Flatters was a Frenchman, even if his name does not mean an uncertain French sound. His mission consisted in establishing the feasibility of a railroad from Algeria across the great desert to Soudan. For this purpose he landed in the desert with a small band, and was engaged in a third when he was attacked at Enfida, and most of his party massacred. It is not known whether the adventurous leader was killed or was now a prisoner with a portion of his party, of the Khomais. The Khomais are a wild and savage people that dwell near the line between Tunis and Algeria in a mountainous section. Colonel Flatters' first expedition was very successful. On his second expedition he found a good country free of sand for a considerable distance south of El Bioud. He started from Ousseiga, the great oasis, to make a third expedition, and had proceeded without trouble up to February last, when he was overwhelmed in the desert, by, it is said, the savage Khomais. He was in France care less about the Khomais, it does about Tunisian territory, for his propose to occupy the Medjez valley, the most fertile district in Tunis, and a district far removed from the haunts of the Khomais. The bey is powerless to prevent a French invasion, and if he resists it is more than probable that he will be practically dethrown and his country annexed to Algeria. If he does not resist it, the Tunisians will drive him from the country. He is between the devil and the deep sea. Italy, too, is mad, but she, too, is not prepared to contest the French advance; and so it is probable that the French movement against Tunis will go on unchecked.

**Countervailing Duties.**

Reports from England show that trade is particularly dull. The political economists and the newspapers have been predicting a revival, but this appears to be as far as the future as ever. The trouble seems to be that while England opens her markets to American competition, the American markets are closed against her products. This is the case, and the American producer is allowed to sell in the best market but he is not allowed to purchase in the cheapest. In order to keep out foreign competition, American producers and consumers are compelled to pay an excessive tax for the privilege of buying home products. Under these circumstances, with the American and other markets closed against her products, England is beginning to doubt whether free trade is that is not reciprocal—that is to say, which is confined to one country—is free trade at all, and those who control British public opinion are now engaged in agitating the question of countervailing duties.

The republicans are too busily engaged in the attempt to reward Nabon to pay attention to the necessities of the widow of John Brown. There are symptoms that Foster, of Ohio, will become the Rogers of the new administration.

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As Gorham seems to be familiar with the interests and views of Mr. Garfield, we are led to believe that the administration is a Conkling man in disguise.

COKING is a Mahone man, because Mahone is a Conkling man, but it is not easy to understand why the administration is a Conkling man in disguise.

THE CONSTITUTION can promise to its readers that it will be better than ever before, and will confirm its position as the leading Southern newspaper.

With the forces unequalled by any Southern paper; with trained Correspondents in every locality in which its readers are interested.

With a capable Editorial Staff, a corps of efficient and experienced writers, and a large circulation.

THE CONSTITUTION will carry the general news of the day, and express its opinions frankly on political topics.

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LIMA Dinner Tea and Toilet Sets, Laces, Net Thomas Clocks, Maddock's splendid English Granite, Rodgers' fine Utensils, Spoons, Forks, Cutlery, Woodware, Lamps, Chimneys, Looking Glasses to trade at manufacturer's prices by McBRIDE & CO. Merchants can save a fair profit on freight by buying from McBride & Co.  
1000-dly show us to top it.

## COTTON AND WEATHER.

Cotton, spinning uplands closed in Liverpool yesterday, at £6 in New York, 10% in Atlanta, 10%.

The signal service Bureau report indicates for Georgia to day, higher barometer, southwesterly, veering to northerly winds, partly cloudy or cloudy weather with rain.

The chief signal office at Washington furnishes the following special bulletin:

The temperature is slightly above mean in the southern Atlantic states as on the previous day. The mercury is now below mean, having thirty degrees below at Omaha, 58° at Des Moines, 28° at City of St. Paul, 56° at Cedar Rapids, Fort Dodge, and Northfield, 55° at Sioux City, 54° at Denver, 53° at Fort Collins, and 52° at Leadville. The weather is still bright and central at Chattanooga, has moved northwest and is now east central at Pittsburgh. Cloudy weather, with rain, continues in the middle, south Atlantic states, and in the upper Mississippi valley. The weather is cool and with light snow in the lower lake region, fall weather prevailing in the upper lake region. The upper Missouri valley is now snow-covered, 50° at Pierre, 48° at Rapid City, 45° at Leadville, 42° at Durango, 39° at Colorado Springs, 37° at Denver, 35° at Cheyenne, 33° at Salt Lake City, 30° at Ogallala, 28° at Cheyenne, 26° at Laramie, 24° at Cheyenne, 22° at Cheyenne, 20° at Cheyenne, 18° at Cheyenne, 16° at Cheyenne, 14° at Cheyenne, 12° at Cheyenne, 10° at Cheyenne, 8° at Cheyenne, 6° at Cheyenne, 4° at Cheyenne, 2° at Cheyenne, 0° at Cheyenne, 1° at Cheyenne, 3° at Cheyenne, 5° at Cheyenne, 7° at Cheyenne, 9° at Cheyenne, 11° at Cheyenne, 13° at Cheyenne, 15° at Cheyenne, 17° at Cheyenne, 19° at Cheyenne, 21° at Cheyenne, 23° at Cheyenne, 25° at Cheyenne, 27° at Cheyenne, 29° at Cheyenne, 31° at Cheyenne, 33° at Cheyenne, 35° at Cheyenne, 37° at Cheyenne, 39° at Cheyenne, 41° at Cheyenne, 43° at Cheyenne, 45° at Cheyenne, 47° at Cheyenne, 49° at Cheyenne, 51° at Cheyenne, 53° at Cheyenne, 55° at Cheyenne, 57° at Cheyenne, 59° at Cheyenne, 61° at Cheyenne, 63° at Cheyenne, 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